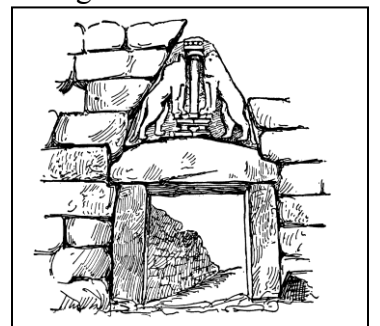


2014 Classical Literacy Exam: Level II

1. What is the name for the Greek goddess of victory?
2. What Greek hero vanquished Procrustes, Sinis, Periphetes, and other villains on the way to Athens?
3. According to Shakespeare, what were Julius Caesar's last words?
4. Give the Latin name for field outside of Rome on which soldiers trained and assembled?
5. What was the title of the priest who governed the activities of the Vestal Virgins?
6. What Greek word, literally meaning "goat-skin," refers to the shield that Athena carried?
7. On which of the Seven Hills of Rome did Romulus found his city?
8. What is the large southern part of the Greek peninsula called?
9. What is the name for a gentle wind or breeze, commonly from the west?
10. What Roman official had the power to veto legislation?
11. What Latin nominative plural noun is used in English to refer to the customs and values of a society?
12. What is the name for the 49 sisters who all murdered their husbands on their wedding night?
13. Whose children did Artemis and Apollo kill because she had boasted that she was superior to Leto?
14. Who was the author of the great epic that begins "I sing of arms and the man," the man being Aeneas?
15. What were the Roman laws of 451-450 B.C., the first to be written, called?
16. What god bestowed upon Midas the power of the golden touch?
17. What Greek city, over which Agamemnon was said to have ruled, is famous for its Lion Gate?
18. What English adjective, derived from Latin for "coming after," may describe fame garnered after death?
19. What Latin phrase means, "Thus passes the glory of the world"?
20. What four capital letters stand for the Senate and the Roman people?
21. What is the Latin for the abbreviation *Q.E.D.*?
22. What Titan was the goddess of memory and the mother of the muses?
23. What derivative from the Latin word for "hinge" describes a fault or sin as having great significance?
24. What god did the Sibyl at Cumae serve as his priestess?
25. What is the Latin for Francis Bacon's pronouncement, "Knowledge itself is power."



26. Souls that were to be reborn drank from what river in the Underworld?

27. What Latin phrase means “to each his own”?

28. What was Alexander the Great’s native country?



29. What was the Roman name for the building that served as a law court and a place for public meetings?

30. What Latin noun refers to a gap in government, *i.e.* between the reign of one king and the next?

31. What English noun refers to a job or position that is “without worry”?

32. Who, carried off by Zeus in the form of a white bull, was the mother of King Minos of Crete?

33. What Latin abbreviation is used in footnotes to mean “in the same place”?

34. What Greek word refers to a “city of the dead”?

35. Latium is to Rome as _____ is to Athens.

36. Who was the mother of Helen, the wife to be of Menelaus?

37. What adjective, meaning “extremely loud,” derives from the name of a Greek herald?

38. What Latin phrase refers to the “body of the crime” or substantial evidence a crime has been committed?

39. What handsome young man’s disdain did Echo suffer?

40. What is the Latin for “we who are about to die salute you”?

41. Make “exit” a plural Latin verb?

42. What English noun from the Latin word for grandson, refers to the practice of favoring relatives?

43. What Latin phrase means “Justice for All,” the motto of the District of Columbia?

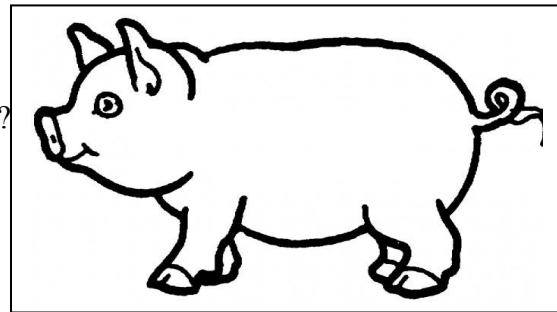
44. What adjective meaning “very changeable” derives from the Roman name for Hermes?

45. What daughter of Helios was notorious for turning men into pigs?

46. What Greek word refers to the universe or other well ordered space?

47. What Latin abbreviation means, Compare!

48. What boy rode a golden ram to the court of Aeetes?



49. The five Julio-Claudian emperors were Augustus, Tiberius, Caligula, Claudius and _____.

50. Romulus and Remus were originally from what city, sixteen miles away from Rome?